**1**插入DEFAULT关键字记录

自动编号(还可用NULL)和有默认约束的VALUE可用DEFAULT替代

mysql> ALTER TABLE users ADD enjoyment VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL;

mysql> ALTER TABLE users ALTER enjoyment SET DEFAULT 'swimming';

mysql> INSERT users VALUES(DEFAULT,'Jack',456,23,1,DEFAULT);

插入多条记录

mysql> INSERT users VALUES(NULL,'Max',md5('10'),20,1,DEFAULT),(DEFAULT,'Mark','123',16,0,DEFAULT);

2、与第一种区别在于可子查询（SubQuery），只能一次插入一个记录

mysql> INSERT users SET username='Ben',password='456',age=15;

3.将查询结果插入到指定数据表

mysql> INSERT test(username) SELECT username FROM users WHERE age >=20;

mysql> ALTER TABLE users ADD enjoyment VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL;

mysql> ALTER TABLE users ALTER enjoyment SET DEFAULT 'swimming';

mysql> INSERT users VALUES(DEFAULT,'Jack',456,23,1,DEFAULT);

mysql> SELECT \* FROM users;

+----+----------+----------+-----+------+-----------+

| id | username | password | age | sex | enjoyment |

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| 1 | Tom | 123 | 18 | 1 | |

| 2 | John | 12356 | 26 | 1 | |

| 3 | Jack | 456 | 23 | 1 | swimming |

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3 rows in set (0.00 sec)